An Act to empower His Majesty to erect South Australia into a British Province or Provinces and to provide for the Colonisation and Government thereof
[15th August 1834]
Anno 5o Gulielmi 4th
Whereas that part of Australia which lies between the meridians of the one hundred and thirty-second and one hundred and forty-first degrees of east longitude and between the southern ocean and twenty-six degrees of south latitude together with the Islands adjacent thereto consists of waste and unoccupied lands which are supposed to be fit for the purposes of colonization and whereas divers of his majesty’s subjects possessing amongst them considerable property are desirous to embark for the said part of Australia and whereas it is highly expedient that his majesty’s said subjects should be enabled to carry their said laudable purpose into effect and whereas the said persons are desirous that in the said intended colony an uniform system in the mode of disposing of waste lands should be permanently established

Be it therefore enacted by the King’s most excellent majesty by and with the advice and consent of the Lords spiritual and temporal and commons in this present Parliament assembled, and by the authority of the same that it shall and may be lawful for His Majesty, with the advice of His Privy Council, to erect within that part of Australia which lies between the meridians of the one hundred and thirty-second and one hundred and forty-first degrees of east longitude, and between the southern ocean and the twenty-six degrees of south latitude, together with all and every the islands adjacent thereto, and the bays and gulphs thereof; and that all and every person who shall at any time hereafter inhabit or reside within his majesty’s said province or provinces shall be free and shall not be subject to or bound by any laws orders statutes or constitutions which have been heretofore made, or which hereafter shall be made ordered or enacted by for or as the laws orders statutes or constitutions of any other part of Australia but shall be subject to and bound to obey such laws orders statutes and constitutions as shall from time to time in the manner hereinafter directed be made ordered enacted for the government of his majesty’s province or provinces of South Australia and be it further enacted that it shall and may be lawful for his majesty his heirs and successors by any order or orders to be by him or them made with the advice of his of their privy council to make ordain and subject to such conditions and restrictions as to him and them shall seem meet to authorize and empower any one or more persons resident and being within any one of the said provinces to make ordain and establish all such laws institutions or ordinances and to constitute such courts, and appoint such officers and also such Chaplains and Clergymen of the Established Church of England or Scotland and to impose and levy such rates duties, and taxes as may be necessary for the peace order and good government of his majesty’s subjects and others within the said province or provinces provided that all such orders and all laws and ordinances so to be made as aforesaid shall be laid before the King in Council as soon as conveniently may be after the making and enacting thereof respectively and that the same shall not in anywise be contrary or repugnant to any of the provisions of this act and be it further enacted that the said commissioners shall be styled “The Colonization
Commissioners for South Australia” and the said Commissioners or any two of them may sit from time to time, as they deem expedient as a board of commissioners for carrying certain parts of this act into execution. And be it further enacted that the said commissioners shall cause to be made a seal of the said board and shall cause to be sealed or stamped therewith all rules orders and regulations made by the said commissioners in pursuance of this act and all such rules orders and regulations or copies thereof pur-porting to be sealed or stamped with the seal of the said board shall be received as evidence of the same respectively without any further proof thereof and no such rule order or regulation or copy thereof shall be valid or have any force or effect unless the same shall be so sealed or stamped as aforesaid. And be it further enacted that the said commissioners shall and they are hereby empowered to declare all the lands of the said province or provinces (excepting only portions which may be reserved for roads and footpaths to be public lands open to purchase by British subjects and to make such orders and regulations for the surveying and sale of such public lands at such price as the said commissioners may from time to time deem expedient and for the letting of the common of pasturage of unsold portions thereof as to the said commissioners may seem meet for any period not exceeding three years and from time to time to alter and revoke such orders and regulations and to employ the monies from time to time received as the purchase money of such lands or as rent of the common of pasturage of unsold portions thereof in conducting the emigration of poor persons from Great Britain or Ireland to the said province or provinces provided always, that no part of the said public lands shall be sold except in public for ready money and either by auction or otherwise as may seem best to the said commissioners but in no case and at no time for a lower price than the sum of twelve shillings Sterling per English acre provided also that the sum per acre which the said commissioners may declare during any period to be the upset or selling price at which public lands shall be sold shall be an uniform price (that is to say) the same price per acre whatever the quantity or situation of the land put up for sale provided also that the whole of the funds from time to time received as the purchase money of the said lands or as the rent of the common of pasturage of unsold portions thereof shall constitute an “Emigration Fund” and shall without any deduction whatsoever except in the case hereinafter provided for be employed in conveying poor emigrants from Great Britain or Ireland to the said province or provinces provided also that the poor persons who shall by means of the said “Emigration Fund” be conveyed to the said province or provinces shall, as far as possible, be adult persons of the two sexes in equal proportions. And not exceeding the age of thirty years.
to delegate to the said colonial commissioner, assistant surveyor or other officer or to any of
them, such of the powers and authorities with respect to the disposal of the public lands of the
said province or provinces as the said commissioners shall think fit; and the powers and
authorities so delegated and the delegation thereof shall be notified in such manner and such
powers and authorities shall be at exercised such places for such periods and under such
circumstances shall direct and the said commissioners may at any time revoke recall alter or
vary all or any of the powers and authorities which shall be so delegated as aforesaid And be
it further Enacted that all monies under the control of the said board of commiss-ioners shall
be received and paid by the treasur-ers who may be appointed by the said board and who shall
give security for the faithful discharge of their duties to such amount and in such manner as to
the said commissioners may seem fit And be it further Enacted that all accounts of the said
treasurer shall be submitted to the lords of his Majesty’s treasury and be audited in the same
manner as other public accounts And be it further Enacted that the said commissioners may
and they are hereby empowered from time to time to appoint a secretary treasurer and all such
clerks messengers and officers as they shall think fit and from time to time at the
 discretion of the said commissioners to remove such secretary treasurer clerks messengers and officers or any of them and to appoint others in their stead And be it further
Enacted that every commissioner and colonial commissioner to be appointed from time to
time shall before he shall enter upon the execution of his office take the following oath before
one of the Judges of His Majesty’s Court of common pleas or one of the barons of the court of
exchequer or (in the case of such colonial commissioners) before the judge of one of his
majesty’s courts in the said province (that is to say)

I, A. B. do swear that I shall faithfully impartially
and honestly according to the best of my skill and judgment
execute and fulfil all the powers and duties of a
commissioner [or colonial commissioner as the case may be]
under an act passed in the fifth year of the reign of King
William the fourth intituled [here set forth the title of this
act].

Provided always and be it further Enacted that the salaries to be paid to all such persons as
may be appointed to any office under this act shall be fixed by the Lords of His Majesty’s
Treasury and by them shall be revised from time to time as they may deem expedient And be
it further Enacted that the said commissioners shall at least once in every year and at such
other times and in such form as His Majesty’s principal secretary of state for the colonies
shall direct submit to the said secretary of state a full and particular report of their proceedings
and every such report shall be laid before both houses of parliament within six weeks after the
receipt of the same by the said secretary of state if parliament be then sitting or if parliament
be not sitting then within six weeks after the next meeting thereof And be it further Enacted
that it shall and may be lawful for the said commissioners previously and until the sale of
public lands in the said province shall have produced a fund sufficient to defray the cost of
conveying to the said province from time to time such a number of poor emigrants as may by
the said commissioners be thought desirable from time to time to borrow and take up on bond
or otherwise payable by instalments or otherwise at Interest not exceeding ten pounds per
centum per annum any sum or sums of money not exceeding fifty thousand pounds for the
sole purpose of defraying the costs of the passage of poor emigrants from Great Britain or
Ireland to the said province by granting and issuing to any person or persons willing to
advance such monies bonds or obligatory writings under the hands and seals of the said
commissioners or of any two of them which bonds or other obligatory writings shall be

South Australia Act, or Foundation Act of 1834 (UK).
Page 4 of 7.
termed “South Australia public lands securities” and all such sum or sums of money not exceeding in the whole fifty thousand pounds so borrowed or taken up by means of the bonds or writings obligatory aforesaid for the sole purpose aforesaid shall be borrowed on the credit of and be deemed a charge upon the whole of the fund to be received as the purchase money of public lands or as the rent of the common of pastureage of unsold portions thereof and it shall and may be lawful for the said commissioners from time to time to appropriate all or any part of the monies which may be obtained by the sale of public lands in the said province or provinces to the payment of interest on any such sum or sums borrowed and taken up as aforesaid or to the repayment of such principal sum or sums.

And be it further Enacted that for defraying the necessary costs charges and expenses of founding the said intended colony and of providing for the government thereof and for the expenses of the said commiss-ioners (excepting always the purpose whereunto the said emigration fund is made solely applicable by this act) and for defraying all costs charges and expenses incurred in carrying this act into execution and applying for and obtaining this act it shall and may be lawful for the said commiss-ioners from time to time to borrow and take up on bond or otherwise payable by Installments or otherwise at interest not exceeding ten pounds per centum per annum any sum or sums of money required for the purposes last aforesaid not exceeding in the whole the sum of two hundred thousand pounds by granting or issuing to any person or persons willing to advance such monies bonds or obligatory writings under the hands and seals of the said commiss-ioners or any two of them which bonds or other obligatory writings shall be termed “South Australia colonial revenue securities” and all such sum or sums of money by the said commiss-ioners so borrowed and taken up as last aforesaid shall be and is and are hereby declared to be a charge upon the ordinary revenue or produce of all rates duties and taxes to be levied and collected as hereinbefore directed within the said province or provinces and shall be deemed and taken to be a public debt owing by the said province to the holders of the bond or bonds or other writings obligatory by the said commiss-ioners granted for the purposes last aforesaid. And be it further Enacted that it shall and may be lawful for the said commiss-ioners at any time to borrow or take up any sum or sums of money for any of the purposes of this act at a lower rate of interest than any security or securities previously given by them under and by virtue of this act which may then be in force shall bear and therewith to pay off and discharge any existing security or securities bearing a higher rate of interest as aforesaid. And be it further Enacted that in case it should so happen that the said commiss-ioners shall be unable to raise by the issue of the said colonial revenue securities the whole of the said sum of two hundred thousand pounds or that the ordinary revenue of the said province or provinces shall be insufficient to discharge the obligations of all or any of the said securities then and in that case but not otherwise the public lands of the said province or provinces then remaining unsold and the monies to be obtained by the sale thereof shall be deemed a collateral security for payment of the principal and interest of the said colonial debt provided always that no monies obtained by the sales of public lands in the said province or provinces shall be em-ployed in defraying the principal or interest of the said colonial debt so long as any obligation created by the said South Australian public lands securities shall remain undischarged provided also that in case after the discharge of all obligations created by the said South Australian public lands securities any part of the monies obtained by the sale of public lands in the said province or provinces shall be employed to discharge any of the obligations created by the said colonial revenue securities then and in that case the amount of such deduction from the said emi-gration fund shall be deemed a colonial debt owing by the said province to the colonization commiss-ioners for South Australia and be charged upon the ordinary revenue of the said province or provinces.

And be it further Enacted that the commiss-ioners nominated and appointed by his majesty as
aforesaid may sue and be sued in the name or names of any one of such commissioners or of their secretary clerk or clerks for the time being and that no action or suit to be brought or commenced by or against any of the said commissioners in the name or names of any one of such commissioners or their secretary or clerk shall abate or be discontinued by the death or removal of such commissioner secretary or clerk or any of them or by the act of such commissioner secretary or clerk or any of them without the consent of the said commissioners but that any one of the said commissioners or the secretary or clerk for the time being to the said commissioners shall always be deemed to be the plaintiff or defendant (as the case may be) in every such action or suit Provided always that nothing herein contained shall be deemed construed or taken to extend to make the commissioners who shall sign execute or give any of the bonds or obligatory writings so hereby authorized or directed to be given personally or their respective estates lands or tenements goods and chattels or such secretary or clerk or their or either of their lands and tenements goods and chattels liable to the payment of any of the monies so borrowed and secured by reason of their giving any such bonds or securities as aforesaid or of their being plaintiff or defendant in any such action as aforesaid but that the costs charges and expenses of every such commissioner secretary or clerk by reason of having been made plaintiff or defendant or for any contract act matter or thing whatsoever made or entered into in the bonâ fide execution of this act from time to time be defrayed by the said commissioners out of the money so borrowed and taken up as aforesaid

And be it further Enacted that no person or persons convicted in any court of justice in Great Britain or Ireland or elsewhere shall at any time or under any circumstances be transported as a convict to any place within the limits herein-before described. And be it further Enacted that it shall and may be lawful for his majesty by and with the advice of his privy council to frame constitute and establish a constitution or constitutions of local government for any of the said provinces possessing a population of fifty thousand souls in such manner and with such pro-visoes limitations and restrictions as shall to his majesty by and with the advice of his privy council be deemed meet and desirable. Provided always that the mode hereinbefore directed of disposing of the public lands of the said province or provinces by sale only and of the fund obtained by the sale thereof shall not be liable to be in anywise altered or changed otherwise than by the authority of his majesty and the consent of parliament. Provided also that in the said constitution of local government for the said province or provinces provision shall be made for the satisfaction of the obligations of any of the said colonial revenue securities which may be unsatisfied at the time of framing such constitution of the said province or provinces. And be it further Enacted that for the purpose of providing a guarantee or security that no part of the expence of founding and governing the said intended colony shall fall on the mother country the said commissioners shall and are hereby empowered and required out of the monies borrowed and taken up as aforesaid on the security of the said South Australian Colonial Revenue Securities to invest the sum of twenty thousand pounds in the purchase of Exchequer bills or other government securities in England in the names of trustees to be appointed by his majesty and the said trustees shall hold the said Exchequer bills or other government securities so long as may seem fit to his majesty’s principal secretary of state for the colonies or shall in case it shall seem fit to his majesty’s principal secretary of state for the colonies dispose of the same for any of the purposes to which the monies raised by the issue of the said South Australian Colonial Revenue Securities are hereby made applicable Provided always that if the said Secretary of State should dispose of any part of the said twenty thousand pounds a sum or sums equal to the sum or sums so
disposed of shall be invested in the names of the said trustees by the said commissioners so that the said guarantee or security fund of twenty thousand pounds shall not at any time be reduced below that amount Provided always that the interest and dividends accruing from time to time upon the said Exchequer bills or other government securities shall be paid to the said commissioners and by them be devoted to the purposes to which as hereinbefore directed the monies to be raised by the issue of the aforesaid South Australian colonial revenue bonds are made applicable. And be it further Enacted That if after the Expiration of Ten Years from the passing of this Act the population of the said province or provinces shall be less than Twenty thousand natural born Subjects of His Majesty then and in that Case all the public Lands of the said province or provinces which shall then be unsold shall be liable to be disposed of by His Majesty His Heirs and Successors, in such Manner as to him or them shall seem meet Provided always, that in case any of the Obligations created by the said South Australian Public Lands Securities should then be unsatisfied the Amount of such Obligations shall be deemed a Charge upon the said unsold public Lands, and shall be paid to the Holders of such Securities out of any Monies that may be obtained by the Sale of the said Lands.

And be it further Enacted that until the said commissioners shall by the granting and issuing of bonds and writings obligatory as aforesaid that is to say South Australian colonial revenue securities have raised the sum of twenty thousand pounds and have invested the same in the purchase of exchequer bills or other government securities as hereinbefore directed and until the persons intending to settle in the said province or provinces and others shall have invested (either by payment to the said commissioners or in the names of trustees to be appointed by them) for the purchase of public lands in the said province or provinces the sum of thirty five thousand pounds none of the powers and authorities hereby given to his majesty or to the said commissioners or to any person or persons except as respects the exercise by the said commissioners of such powers as are required for raising money by means of and on the security of the bonds or securities last aforesaid and for receiving and investing the aforesaid sum of thirty five thousand pounds for the purchase of public lands shall be of any effect or have any operation whatsoever.